



## COVID 19 TIPS – 19 MARCH 2020

The HOA may shortly introduce screening at our entrance gates, depending on Government Regulations and as the situation locally develops. This tool is handy in any business:

### SCREENING TOOL

- |                          |  |
|--------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Have you travelled to or from any other country during the past month? |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Were you in contact with any person that you know has done so?         |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Do you have a sore throat?   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Do you have a dry cough?   |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Do you have a fever above 38°C?  |
| <input type="checkbox"/> | Do you have shortness of breath?                                       |

**If any of these symptoms present themselves, please call your health care practitioner or the National Coronavirus Hotline: 0800 029 999**

---

## **So you think you have the Coronavirus – What Now?**

*As published on News24 (19 March 2020)*

**Netcare's Mande Toubkin, the general manager for emergency and trauma for the healthcare group, compiled a list of dos and don'ts during a time where a pre-winter runny nose or a sudden hot flush may leave one frozen in uncertainty.**

- **Don't** go to a hospital or emergency ward to be screened or tested for Covid-19. Emergency wards are for urgent life-saving care for people with traumatic injuries or medical emergencies.
- **Do** practice social distancing.
- **Do** self-quarantine at home so that the infection is not spread to others.
- **Do** phone your primary healthcare provider if you meet the case definitions for Covid-19, and suspect you may have it.

According to the World Health Organisation's (WHO) symptom guide, the most common symptoms are fever, tiredness, and a dry cough. Some patients may have aches and pains, nasal congestion, runny nose, sore throat or diarrhoea. These symptoms are usually mild and begin gradually.

Some people become infected but do not develop any symptoms and do not feel unwell. Most people (about 80%) recover from the disease without needing special treatment.

Around one out of every six people becomes seriously ill and develops difficulty breathing.

Older people, and those with underlying medical problems like high blood pressure, heart problems or diabetes, are more likely to develop a serious illness. People with fever, cough and difficulty breathing should seek medical attention.

- **Don't** go to the GP's rooms without phoning in advance.
- **Do** tell the GP your recent travel history, contact with people who had recently travelled to countries with Covid-19 outbreaks, personal contact with a person with a confirmed case, or symptoms associated with it that you are experiencing.

The doctor may ask specific questions to assess you, advise whether you need to be tested for Covid-19, and give you a referral to a pathology laboratory for testing to be done. If you have phoned your doctor and they want you to come to the consulting rooms, they will be able to take the necessary safety precautions to assist you promptly when you arrive while safeguarding themselves and others at the facility from possible infection.

Your doctor may examine you and take a swab from inside your nose and mouth which will be sent to a laboratory for Covid-19 testing.

You should receive the results within 48 to 72 hours, and you should self-quarantine at home until the results are known.

### **How to self-quarantine for a suspected or confirmed Covid-19 diagnosis:**

- **Don't** have contact with anybody while waiting for the result. This is critical so that there is no risk that you could pass the infection on to them if the result is positive.
- **Don't** leave your house to go to any public places.
- If you need to go outside your home, do so on your own, not with any other people.

If you live with other people, avoid or keep any contact to a minimum.

- **Do** keep a distance of at least two metres from them if you do need to have contact.
- **Don't** spend time in the same room with another person.
- **Do** stay in a room that is well-ventilated, and open windows for ventilation.
- **Do** discourage any visitors from coming to your home.

If you have a cough, wear a mask but make sure you follow the guidelines for the correct way of putting on the mask, wearing it and disposing of it to offer effective protection against the spread of infection.

- **Do** use tissues.
- **Do** throw tissues away immediately in a separate rubbish bag.

- **Do** clean your hands often and thoroughly with alcohol-based hand rub or hand spray or wash them with soap and hot water for at least 20 seconds.
- **Do** clean the bathroom, door handles, taps and any other surfaces you may have touched if you share a bathroom, every time you use it.
- **Do** use a bleach-based disinfectant each time you have used it to reduce the risk of spreading the infection.
- **Do** keep the towels you use separately.
- **Don't** share towels with other people.
- **Do** ask friends or family to deliver essential groceries and medicines you may need while you are in self-quarantine.
- **Do** arrange for these items to be delivered by your supermarket or pharmacy.
- **Do** ask them to leave the deliveries outside the home for you to fetch.
- **Don't** eat with other people in the home.
- **Do** use disposable crockery and utensils if possible.
- **Do** throw disposable crockery and utensils in a separate rubbish bag.
- **Do** wash the crockery and utensils you used immediately in hot water and dishwashing liquid.
- **Do** a separate run for the dishwasher only for the crockery and utensils you used, if you are using a dishwasher put it on a high temperature.
- **Do** keep the crockery and utensils you use separately from those used by others in the home.
- **Do** maintain good home hygiene and clean any surfaces you may have touched often and thoroughly with a bleach-based disinfectant.
- **Do** wash your clothing separately from that of others in a washing machine at high temperature.
- **Do** phone the doctor who tested you for guidance if your symptoms worsen.
- **Do** contact an emergency medical services provider if you believe your symptoms have worsened to the point that you are facing a medical emergency.
- **Do** tell them that you have been tested for Covid-19 and are awaiting the results.

oOo